# SKT 1000



Capsule Thyristor

Line	Thyristor
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#### SKT 1000

### Features

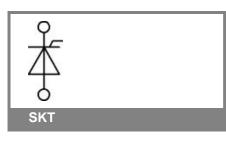
- Hermetic metal case with ceramic insulator
- Capsule package for double sided cooling
- International standard case
- Off-state and reverse voltages up to 2800 V
- Amplifying gate

### **Typical Applications**

- DC motor control
  (e. g. for machine tools)
- Controlled rectifiers (e. g. for battery charging)
- AC controllers
- (e. g. for temperature control)Recommended snubber network
- e. g. for V<sub>VRMS</sub>  $\leq$  400 V: R = 33  $\Omega/32$  W, C = 1  $\mu F$

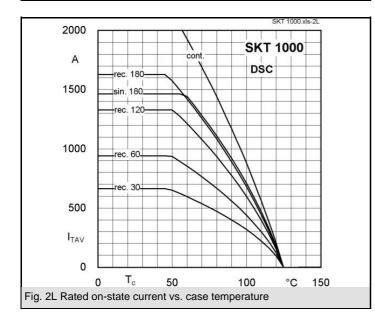
V <sub>RSM</sub>	V <sub>RRM</sub> , V <sub>DRM</sub>	I <sub>TRMS</sub> = 2300 A (maximum value for continuous operation)		
V	V	I <sub>TAV</sub> = 1000 A (sin. 180; DSC; T <sub>c</sub> = 85 °C)		
1300	1200	SKT 1000/12E		
1700	1600	SKT 1000/16E		
2300	2200	SKT 1000/22EL2		
2700	2600	SKT 1000/26EL2		
2900	2800	SKT 1000/28EL2		

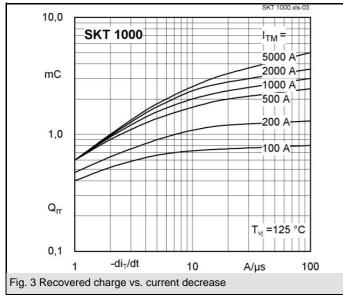
	A        A        A        A        A        A <sup>2</sup> s        A <sup>2</sup> s        V        V        mA        μs        μs        V/μs
$      I_D \qquad 2 \times P8/180; T_a = 45 °C; B2 / B6 \qquad 360 / 500 \\ 2 \times P8/180F; T_a = 35 °C; B2 / B6 \qquad 1250 / 1750 \\      I_{RMS} \qquad 2 \times P8/180; T_a = 45 °C; W1C \qquad 400 \\      I_{TSM} \qquad T_{vj} = 25 °C; 10 ms \qquad 19000 \\      T_{vj} = 125 °C; 0 ms \qquad 16500 \\      T_{vj} = 125 °C; 8,3 10 ms \qquad 1800000 \\      T_{vj} = 125 °C; 8,3 10 ms \qquad 1360000 \\      V_T \qquad T_{vj} = 25 °C; 1_T = 3600 A \qquad max. 2 \\      V_{T(TO)} \qquad T_{vj} = 125 °C \\      max. 0,243 \\      I_{DD}; I_{RD} \qquad T_{vj} = 125 °C; V_{RD} = V_{RRM}; V_{DD} = V_{DRM} \qquad max. 160 \\      t_{gg} \qquad T_{vj} = 25 °C; V_{RD} = V_{RRM}; V_{DD} = V_{DRM} \qquad max. 160 \\      t_{gg} \qquad T_{vj} = 125 °C \\      (di/dt)_{cr} \qquad T_{vj} = 125 °C \\      (di/dt)_{cr} \qquad T_{vj} = 125 °C \\      (T_{vj} = 125 °C; V_{RD} = V_{RRM}; V_{DD} = V_{DRM} \qquad max. 160 \\      t_{gg} \qquad T_{vj} = 25 °C; I_{G} = 1 A; di_G/dt = 1 A/\mus \qquad 1 \\      t_{gr} \qquad V_D = 0.67 * V_{DRM} \qquad 2 \\      (di/dt)_{cr} \qquad T_{vj} = 125 °C \\      (I_{vj} = 125 °C, I_{vj} = 125 °C \\      (I_{vj} = 125 °C, I_{vj} = 125 °C \\       I_{uj} = 125 °C \\      (I_{vj} = 125 °C, I_{uj} = 125 °C \\      (I_{vj} = 125 °C, I_{uj} = 125 °C \\                                  $	A        A        A        A        A        A <sup>2</sup> s        A <sup>2</sup> s        V        V        W        MA        μs        μs        A/μs
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	A        A        A        A2s        V        V        mΩ        μs        μs        A/μs
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	A        A        A²s        A²s        V        V        mΩ        mA        μs        μs        A/μs
	A        A²s        A²s        V        mΩ        mA        μs        μs        A/μs
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	A <sup>2</sup> s A <sup>2</sup> s V V mΩ mA μs μs A/μs
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	A²s        V        V        mΩ        mA        μs        μs        A/μs
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	μs A/μs
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	•
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	V/ue
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	v/µs
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c } & T_{vj} = 25 \ ^{\circ}\text{C}; \ R_{G} = 33 \ \Omega; \ typ. \ / \ max. & 500 \ / \ 2000 \\ \hline & V_{GT} & T_{vj} = 25 \ ^{\circ}\text{C}; \ d.c. & min. \ 3 \\ I_{GT} & T_{vj} = 25 \ ^{\circ}\text{C}; \ d.c. & min. \ 250 \\ V_{GD} & T_{vj} = 125 \ ^{\circ}\text{C}; \ d.c. & max. \ 0,25 \\ I_{GD} & T_{vj} = 125 \ ^{\circ}\text{C}; \ d.c. & max. \ 0,25 \\ \hline & I_{GD} & T_{vj} = 125 \ ^{\circ}\text{C}; \ d.c. & max. \ 10 \\ \hline & R_{th(j-c)} & \text{cont}; \ DSC & 0,021 \\ R_{th(j-c)} & \text{rec. \ 120; \ DSC \ / \ SSC & 0,027 \ / \ 0,06 \\ R_{th(c-s)} & DSC \ / \ SSC & 0,005 \ / \ 0,01 \\ \hline \end{array} $	μs
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	mA
	mA
$\begin{array}{ll} I_{GT} & T_{vj} = 25 \ ^{\circ}C; \ d.c. & min. 250 \\ V_{GD} & T_{vj} = 125 \ ^{\circ}C; \ d.c. & max. 0,25 \\ I_{GD} & T_{vj} = 125 \ ^{\circ}C; \ d.c. & max. 10 \\ \hline R_{th(j-c)} & cont; \ DSC & 0,021 \\ R_{th(j-c)} & sin. 180; \ DSC / \ SSC & 0,0225 / \ 0,054 \\ R_{th(j-c)} & rec. 120; \ DSC / \ SSC & 0,027 / \ 0,06 \\ R_{th(c-s)} & DSC / \ SSC & 0,005 / \ 0,01 \\ \end{array}$	V
$\begin{array}{l l} I_{GD} & T_{vj} = 125 \ ^{\circ}C; \ d.c. & max. \ 10 \\ \hline R_{th(j-c)} & cont.; \ DSC & 0,021 \\ R_{th(j-c)} & sin. \ 180; \ DSC / \ SSC & 0,0225 / \ 0,054 \\ R_{th(j-c)} & rec. \ 120; \ DSC / \ SSC & 0,027 / \ 0,06 \\ R_{th(c-s)} & DSC / \ SSC & 0,005 / \ 0,01 \\ \hline \end{array}$	mA
R <sub>th(j-c)</sub> cont.; DSC      0,021        R <sub>th(j-c)</sub> sin. 180; DSC / SSC      0,0225 / 0,054        R <sub>th(j-c)</sub> rec. 120; DSC / SSC      0,027 / 0,06        R <sub>th(c-s)</sub> DSC / SSC      0,005 / 0,01	V
ningC/      sin. 180; DSC / SSC      0,0225 / 0,054        R <sub>th(j-c)</sub> rec. 120; DSC / SSC      0,027 / 0,06        R <sub>th(c-s)</sub> DSC / SSC      0,005 / 0,01	mA
R <sub>th(j-c)</sub> sin. 180; DSC / SSC      0,0225 / 0,054        R <sub>th(j-c)</sub> rec. 120; DSC / SSC      0,027 / 0,06        R <sub>th(c-s)</sub> DSC / SSC      0,005 / 0,01	K/W
R <sub>th(c-s)</sub> DSC / SSC 0,005 / 0,01	K/W
(i)(C-S)	K/W
T 40 + 125	K/W
vj	°C
T <sub>stg</sub> - 40 + 130	°C
V <sub>isol</sub> -	V~
F mounting force 22 25	kN
a	m/s²
m approx. 480	g
Case B 14	

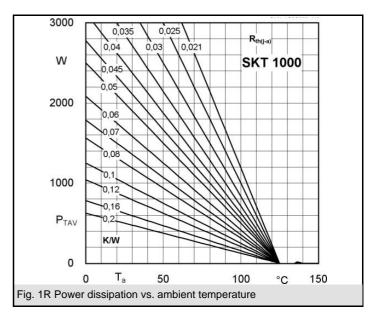


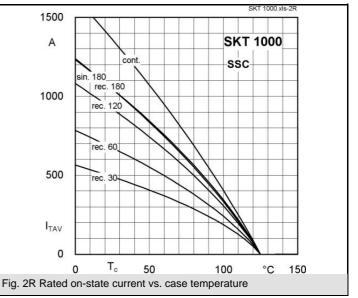
1

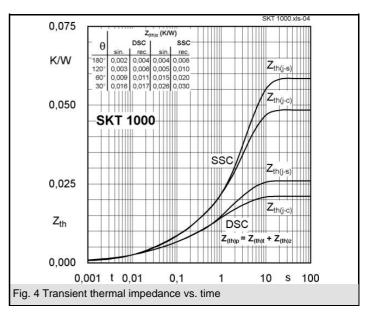
#### SKT 1000 xls-1 3000 sin. 180 rec. 120 / rec. 180 **SKT 1000** rec. 90 W rec. 60 rec. 30 cont rec. 15 2000 1000 $\mathbf{P}_{\mathsf{TAV}}$ 0 0 ITAV 500 1000 1500 А 2000 Fig. 1L Power dissipation vs. on-state current





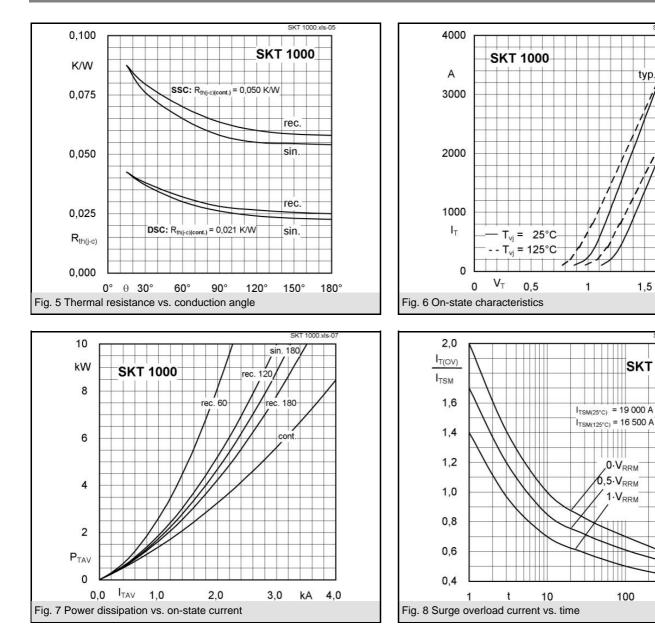






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## **SKT 1000**



SKT 1000 xls-06

max

V

KT 1000

SKT 1000

0.V<sub>RRM</sub>

1.V<sub>RRM</sub>

100

1,5

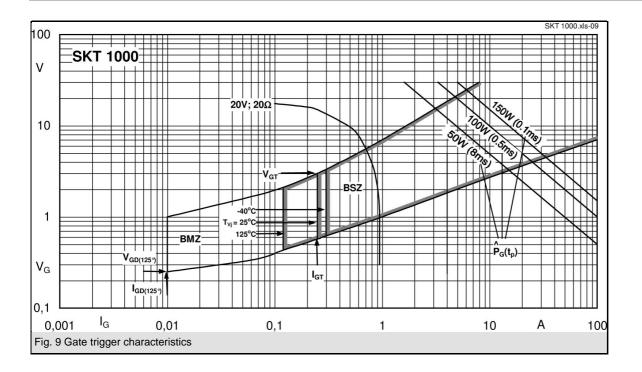
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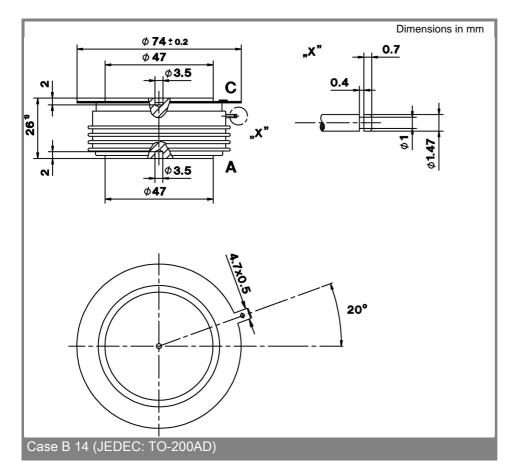
1000

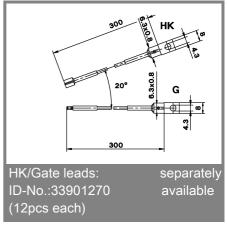
ms

typ.

3







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